

NEW YORK CITY HOMELESSNESS The Basic Facts

- In recent years, homelessness in New York City has reached the highest levels since the Great Depression of the 1930s.
- In June 2015, there were **58,761 homeless people**, including **14,031 homeless families with 23,692 homeless children**, sleeping each night in the New York City municipal shelter system. Families comprise nearly four-fifths of the homeless shelter population.
- Over the course of the last City fiscal year (FY 2014), more than 116,000 different homeless men, women, and children sleep in the New York City municipal shelter system. This includes nearly 42,000 different homeless New York City children.
- The number of homeless New Yorkers sleeping each night in municipal shelters is now **72 percent higher** than it was ten years ago.
- Research shows that the primary cause of homelessness, particularly among families, is lack
 of affordable housing. Surveys of homeless families have identified the following major
 immediate, triggering causes of homelessness: eviction; doubled-up or severely overcrowded
 housing; domestic violence; job loss; and hazardous housing conditions.
- Research shows that, compared to homeless families, homeless single adults have much higher rates of serious mental illness, addiction disorders, and other severe health problems.
- Each night thousands of unsheltered homeless people sleep on New York City streets, in the subway system, and in other public spaces. There is no accurate measurement of New York City's unsheltered homeless population, and recent City surveys significantly underestimate the number of unsheltered homeless New Yorkers.
- Studies show that the large majority of street homeless New Yorkers are people living with mental illness or other severe health problems. Four out of five street homeless New Yorkers are men.
- As in other American cities, New York City's unsheltered homeless population is concentrated in the central business district – that is, midtown Manhattan. Surveys show that nearly 60 percent of New York City's unsheltered homeless population is in Manhattan.
- African-American and Latino New Yorkers are disproportionately affected by homelessness.
 Approximately 57 percent of New York City homeless shelter residents are African-American, 31
 percent are Latino, 8 percent are white, 1 percent are Asian-American, and 4 percent are of
 unknown race/ethnicity.

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For more information, please visit www.coalitionforthehomeless.org.

129 Fulton Street New York NY 10038 www.coalitionforthehomeless.org 212.964.5900 fax 212.964.1303